Claims

We claim:

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1. A tensioner comprising:

an electric actuator;

a force imparting member engaged with a lever arm;

a pulley journalled to the lever arm, the pulley engagable with a belt;

the force imparting member engaged with the electric actuator whereby the force imparting member is axially moveable by the electric actuator;

a load sensor coaxially engaged with the force imparting member, the load sensor detecting and transmitting a load signal to a controller; and

the controller using the load signal to control a force imparting member position.

2. The tensioner as in claim 1, wherein:

the force imparting member comprises a lead screw; the lead screw rotatably engaged with a threaded collar.

- 3. The tensioner as in claim 1, wherein the electric actuator comprises an electric motor.
- 25 4. The tensioner as in claim 1, wherein the force imparting member is engaged with the electric actuator through a gear transmission.
 - 5. The tensioner as in claim 1, wherein:
- the load sensor further comprises a bore, the load sensor coaxially engaged with the force imparting member through the bore.

- 6. The tensioner as in claim 1, wherein the lever arm is pivotally engaged with a mounting surface.
- 7. A system for adjusting a tension of an endless belt comprising:

a tensioner having a toroid load sensor and a pulley journalled to a lever arm, the pulley in contact with an endless belt for applying a belt load to the endless belt:

the toroid load sensor detecting a belt load and transmitting a belt load signal to a controller; and

the controller using the belt load signal to select a pulley position for a belt load.

15 8. The system as in claim 7, wherein the tensioner further comprises:

an axially moveable member moveable by an electric actuator;

the lever arm engaged with the axially moveable 20 member; and

the toroid load sensor coaxially engaged with the axially moveable member.

- 9. The system as in claim 8, wherein:
- the electric actuator further comprises an electric motor, the electric motor engaged with the axially moveable member through a gear reduction transmission.
- 10. A method of controlling a belt load comprising the 30 steps of:

engaging a belt with a pulley, the pulley journalled to a pivoting lever arm;

positioning the lever arm for a belt load; using a toroid load cell to detect a belt load;

selecting a belt load value corresponding to a desired belt load;

comparing the belt load to the belt load value;

determining a new lever arm position based upon said belt load value; and

moving the lever arm to the new lever arm position to set the belt load to the belt load value.

11. The method as in claim 10 comprising:

engine parameter.

- detecting an engine parameter; and selecting a belt load value with respect to the
- 12. A method of tensioning a belt comprising the steps
 15 of:

engaging a tensioner having a toroid load sensor
with a belt;

adjusting the tensioner position to impart a belt load to the belt;

detecting the belt load with the toroid load sensor; comparing the detected belt load with a desired belt load; and

adjusting the tensioner position with a controller until the detected belt load is substantially equal to the desired belt load.

13. The method as in claim 12 comprising the steps of:

selecting the desired belt load with respect to an engine operating parameter.

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14. The method as in claim 13 comprising the step of:

selecting the desired belt load with respect to an engine operating speed.

15. The method as in claim 13 comprising the step of: detecting an engine operating temperature;

selecting the desired belt load with respect to the engine operating temperature.

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- 16. The method as in claim 12 comprising the step of selecting the desired belt load from a look up table.
- 17. The method as in claim 15 comprising the step of storing an engine temperature history in a controller memory.
 - 18. The method as in claim 12 comprising the steps of: using a reference tooth on the belt;
- detecting each passage of the reference tooth with a sensor to determine cumulative belt cycles;

storing the cumulative belt cycles in a memory for analysis of a belt fatigue condition; and informing a user.

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19. A method of computing a belt modulus comprising the steps of:

engaging a tensioner having a load sensor with a
belt;

adjusting the tensioner to a first position (P1) to impart a first belt load (L1) to the belt;

detecting the first belt load (L1) with the load sensor;

adjusting the tensioner to a second position (P2) to 30 impart a second belt load (L2) to the belt;

detecting the second belt load (L2) with the load sensor; and

computing a belt modulus using (L1), (L2), (P1), (P2).

20. The method as in claim 19 further comprising the steps of:

storing the calculated belt modulus values in a controller memory;

comparing the calculated belt modulus values to identify a belt modulus trend; and

informing a user.

10 21. The method as in claim 19 comprising the steps of:

using a first limit switch to detect the first position (P1); and

using a second limit switch to detect the second position (P2).

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22. The method as in claim 19 comprising the steps of:

adjusting the tensioner by driving the tensioner with a fixed duty cycle for a first duration to position (P1); and

- adjusting the tensioner by driving the tensioner with a fixed duty cycle for a second duration to position (P2).
- 23. A method of computing a belt modulus comprising the 25 steps of:

engaging a tensioner having a load sensor with a
belt;

adjusting the tensioner to impart a first belt load (L1);

detecting the first belt position (P1) with the limit switch;

adjusting the tensioner to impart a second belt load (L2);

detecting the second belt position (P2) with the limit switch; and

computing a belt modulus using (L1), (L2), (P1), (P2).

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24. The method as in claim 23 further comprising the steps of:

storing the calculated belt modulus values in a controller memory;

10 comparing the calculated belt modulus values to identify a belt modulus trend; and

informing a user.

- 25. A tensioner comprising:
- 15 an electric actuator;
 - a lead screw engaged with a lever arm;
 - a pulley engagable with a belt, the pulley journalled to the lever arm;

the lead screw engaged with the electric actuator 20 whereby the lead screw is moveable by the electric actuator;

- a load sensor coaxially engaged with the lead screw, the load sensor transmitting a load signal to a controller; and
- 25 the controller using the load signal to control a lead screw position.
 - 26. The tensioner as in claim 25, wherein the electric actuator comprises an electric motor.

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27. The tensioner as in claim 25, wherein the lead screw is engaged with the electric actuator by a gear transmission.

28. The tensioner as in claim 25, wherein:

the load sensor comprises a toroid load cell having a bore;

the toroid load cell coaxially engaged with the lead screw though the bore.

- 29. The tensioner as in claim 25, wherein the lever arm is pivotally engaged with a mounting surface.
- 10 30. The tensioner as in claim 25, wherein the lead screw is rotatably engaged with a collar.

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